Appl. No. 09/706,188 Amdt. Dated June 16, 2003

Reply to Office action of December 18, 2003

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

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Claim 1 (currently amended) A method to control the dynamic range of a hearing <del>aid</del> <u>device</u>, comprising at least one acqustic/electric input transducer followed by а signal processing unit which in turn is operationally connected to an electrid/acoustic electric/mechanical output transducer, characterized in that the an input impedance of the switched from one value to another.

1 Claim 2 (currently amended) Method The method as claimed
2 in claim 1, characterized in that wherein the selective switching

3 is carried out when matching the hearing aid device to an

4 individual.

Claim 3 (currently amended) Method defined The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that wherein the selective said switching is controlled by the signal processing unit.

Claim 4 (currently amended) Method The method as in one of claims 1 through 3, characterized in that claim 1, wherein the selective switching is carried out carried out automatically or is initiated from outside the hearing aid device.

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Claim 5 (currently amended) Method The method as in one of claims 1 through 4, characterized in that claim 1, wherein the input impedance is switched by selectively switching between series and/or parallel circuits of impedance elements.

Claim 6 (currently amended) A method for manufacturing hearing-aid models with different transfer functions between input-side acoustic/electric transducers and at least one output-side electric/mechanical transducer, characterized in that the hearing-models are manufactured having the <u>a</u> same design and in that their impedance-specific dynamic range is set by selectively switching ON an input impedance of the electric/mechanical transducer.

## Claims 7-8 (canceled)

claim 9 (currently amended) Hearing aid as claimed in either of claims 7 and 8, characterized in that A hearing device fitted with at least one acoustic/electric input transducer of which an output is operationally connected to an input to a signal processing unit of which an output is operationally connected to an input of at least one electric/mechanical transducer, characterized in that the input impedance of the electric/mechanical transducer can be switched at a control input, wherein the control input is operationally connected with a manually driven control unit.

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claim 10 (currently amended) Hearing aid as claimed in either of claims 7 and 8, characterized in that A hearing device kitted with at least one acoustic/electric input transducer of which an output is operationally connected to an input to a signal processing unit of which an output is operationally connected to an input of at least one electric/mechanical transducer characterized in that the input impedance of the electric/mechanical transducer can be switched at a control input, and further comprising a switch connecting at least two impedance elements selectively in series or parallel to the control input.

Claim 11 (currently amended) Hearing aid The hearing device as claimed in either of claims 9 and 10, characterized in that claim 10, wherein the impedance elements are at least in part are coils.

Claim 12 (currently amended) A electromagnetic transducer for a hearing aid device fitted with at least two impedance elements, characterized in that a switch is present at the transducer and comprises a control input setting the particular operational input impedance by configuring the impedance elements in different ways.:

Claim 13 (new) A hearing device fitted with \at least one

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acoustic/electric input transducer of which an output is operactionally connected to an input to a signal processing unit of which an output is operationally connected to an input of at least one electric/mechanical transducer, characterized in that the input impedance of the electric/mechanical transducer can be switched at a textrol input, wherein the control input is operationally connected to an output of the signal processing unit, wherein the control input is operationally connected with a manually driven control unit.